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Transmitted herewith for filing is the patent application of:

Inventors:

Sitaraman, et al.

For:

SYSTEM AND METHOD FOR IDENTIFYING A SUBSCRIBER

FOR CONNECTION TO A COMMUNICATION NETWORK

Enclosed are:

4 Sheets of Formal Drawings

36 pages of Specification

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SYSTEM AND METHOD FOR

IDENTIFYING A SUBSCRIBER FOR CONNECTION TO A COMMUNICATION

NETWORK

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SYSTEM AND METHOD FOR IDENTIFYING A SUBSCRIBER FOR CONNECTION TO A COMMUNICATION NETWORK

CROSS-REFERENCE TO RELATED APPLICATIONS

This application is related to and filed concurrently with pending U.S. Patent Application Serial No._____, entitled "System and Method for Determining Subscriber Information." These applications have been commonly assigned to Cisco Technology, Inc.

TECHNICAL FIELD OF THE INVENTION

This invention relates in general to data communication, and more particularly to a system for identifying a subscriber for connection to a communication network.

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BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

Communication systems support the provisioning of voice, data, multimedia or other services and information to subscribers. A problem with prior communication systems is that a particular subscriber may pirate the services of another subscriber in the system without properly subscribing for the services. One solution to this problem is to assign a unique user name and password to the subscribers and to restrict access to particular services based upon a successful response to a query for a subscriber's user name and password. This solution is ineffective, however, when one subscriber assumes the identity of another subscriber by misappropriating the user name and password of the other subscriber and, thereby, obtains access to the other subscriber's services.

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SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

In accordance with the present invention, the disadvantages and problems associated with prior communication systems have been substantially reduced or eliminated.

In accordance with one embodiment of the present invention, a system for identifying a subscriber includes an access server coupled to a number of subscribers using a first communication network and further coupled to a second communication network, a memory coupled to the access server, and a processor coupled to the memory. access server receives a communication from a particular subscriber using a particular one of a number of virtual circuits associated with the first communication network. The memory stores path information that identifies a virtual circuit assigned to the particular subscriber. The processor identifies the particular subscriber connection to the second communication network based upon the path information and the particular virtual circuit used to receive the communication from the particular subscriber.

Another embodiment of the present invention is a method for identifying a subscriber that includes receiving a communication from a particular one of a number of subscribers using a particular one of a number of virtual circuits associated with a first communication network. The method continues by storing path information that identifies a virtual circuit assigned to the particular The method concludes by identifying the subscriber. subscriber for connection second particular to а communication network based upon the path information and the particular virtual circuit used to receive communication from the particular subscriber.

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Yet another embodiment of the present invention is an information server that includes a memory and a processor. The memory stores path information for a number of subscribers coupled to an access server using a number of virtual circuits associated with a first communication network. The path information identifies a virtual circuit assigned to a particular subscriber. The processor identifies the particular subscriber for connection to a second communication network based upon the path information and a particular virtual circuit that couples the particular subscriber to the access server.

Still another embodiment of the present invention is an access server that includes an interface coupled to a number of subscribers using a first communication network, a controller coupled to the interface, and a route processor coupled to the controller. The interface receives a communication from a particular subscriber using a particular one of a number of virtual circuits associated with the first communication network. The controller communicates a request to an information server for identifying the particular subscriber. The identification request identifies the particular virtual circuit used to receive the communication from the particular subscriber. The route processor supports a communication session the subscriber and particular identifying the communication network in response to particular subscriber.

Technical advantages of the present invention include a system that identifies subscribers and determines subscriber information based, in part, upon path information and the particular virtual circuit used to receive a communication from a particular subscriber. Whereas in prior communication systems a particular subscriber may pirate the services of another subscriber by

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misappropriating the other subscriber's user name and password, the present invention provides services based "trusted" information which is generally discoverable by another subscriber. Such "trusted" information includes, for example, path information and information identifying the particular virtual circuit actually used to receive a communication from a particular In this respect, subscribers of the present subscriber. invention cannot access services and information designated for other subscribers. Therefore, the identification techniques of the present invention provide integrity to the communication system.

Other technical advantages are readily apparent to one skilled in the art from the following figures, descriptions and claims.

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BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

For a more complete understanding of the present invention and its advantages, reference is now made to the following description taken in conjunction with the accompanying drawings, in which like reference numbers indicate like features and wherein:

FIGURE 1 illustrates a communication system according to the present invention;

FIGURE 2 illustrates one embodiment of an access server used by the system;

FIGURE 3 illustrates one embodiment of an identification table used by the system;

FIGURE 4 illustrates one embodiment of a routing table used by the system; and

FIGURE 5 illustrates a flowchart of an exemplary method according to the present invention.

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DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF THE INVENTION

FIGURE 1 illustrates a communication system 10 that includes subscribers 12 coupled to access servers 18 using a first communication network 14. In general, access servers 18 initiate the identification of a subscriber 12 and, in response, communicate information to the subscriber 12 and/or grant the subscriber 12 access to a second communication network 20.

Subscribers 12 comprise any suitable number combination of communication devices, such as customer equipment, that employ any premises communication techniques to communicate with access server 18 using communication network 14. In one embodiment, subscribers 12 couple to a communication server 22 in the local loop using traditional twisted pair subscriber lines Subscribers 12 and communication server 22 exchange information using high bandwidth digital subscriber line technology, referred to generally as XDSL. Communication server 22 may reside at a central office, remote terminal, or other access point in communication system 10 that allows coupling to local loops formed by twisted pair subscriber lines 24.

Subscribers 12 may also be associated with a local area network (LAN), such as an Ethernet network 30, a token ring network 32, a fiber distributed data interface (FDDI) network, an asynchronous transfer mode (ATM) network 36, or any other association or arrangement of subscribers 12 in a network environment (referred to generally as LAN 30). LAN 30 supports Ethernet (10 Mbps), Fast Ethernet (100 Mbps), Gigabit Ethernet, switched Ethernet, or any other suitable networking protocol or technology. LAN 30 couples to communication network 14 using communication server 22, network interface 34, or any combination of communication server 22 and network interface 34. In one embodiment,

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network interface 34 comprises hubs, routers, bridges, gateways, and other suitable communication devices and related software that support suitable communication protocols to couple LAN 30 to communication network 14.

Communication network 14 comprises a plurality of virtual circuits 16 that support communication between communication server 22, network interface 34, and access In a particular embodiment, communication server 18. network 14 is part of a wide area network (WAN) that supports a suitable communication technology, such as ATM, statistical packet switching, relay, X.25 multiplexers, switched multi-megabit data service (SMDS), high-level data link control (HDLC), serial line Internet point-to-point protocol (SLIP), protocol transmission control protocol/Internet Protocol (TCP/IP) or any other suitable WAN protocol or technology. the discussion below focuses on a particular ATM embodiment communication network 14, communication system 10 contemplates any suitable WAN protocol or technology.

Access server 18 comprises any number and combination of interfaces, switches, routers, or any other suitable communication devices and related software that terminates a preassigned virtual circuit 16 for each subscriber 12. Access server 18 is described in greater detail with respect to FIGURE 2. Access server 18 is coupled to an information server 50 using a link 52.

Communication network 20 comprises any combination of local area networks (LANs), wide area networks (WANs), global computer networks, hubs, routers, bridges, gateways, switches, servers, databases, or any other association of suitable wireline or wireless communication devices and networks, and related software, that provides subscribers 12 access to voice, data, multimedia, or other services and/or information.

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A service provider associated with communication network 20, such as an Internet Service Provider (ISP), may employ one or more access servers 18 to restrict access to network 20 based upon the proper identification of subscribers 12. Access servers 18 may further be used to restrict access to information based upon the proper identification of subscribers 12. In general, system 10 assigns to each subscriber 12 a unique virtual circuit 16 that is to be used by the subscriber 12 to communicate with access server 18. When an access server 18 receives a communication from a particular subscriber 12, information server 50 identifies the subscriber 12 based, in part, upon the virtual circuit 16 assigned to the subscriber 12 and the virtual circuit 16 actually used to receive the communication from the subscriber 12.

Each virtual circuit 16 comprises a communication path between a particular subscriber 12 and an access server 18 that supports the appropriate communication technology of communication network 14. Although the following description of the present invention is detailed with respect to virtual circuits 16 in an ATM networking environment, it should be understood that a virtual circuit 16 assigned to a subscriber 12 in system 10 may be defined in any suitable networking environment using any suitable communication technologies and protocols, without deviating from the scope of the present invention.

A virtual circuit 16 in an ATM networking environment comprises a series of virtual path identifiers (VPI) and virtual channel identifiers (VCI). Together, a VPI and a VCI identify the next destination of an ATM cell as it passes through a series of communication devices in network 14 and terminates in access server 18. A unique virtual circuit 16 can therefore be assigned to each subscriber 12 by storing predetermined virtual circuit information, such

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as VPI and VCI information defining the virtual circuit 16, in communication server 22, network interface 34, and the communication devices associated with network 14 and access server 18.

Specific virtual circuit information defining some portion of a virtual circuit 16, such as the portion of the virtual circuit 16 coupled to communication server 22 and/or communication server 34 or the portion of the virtual circuit 16 coupled to access server 18, may be used to identify uniquely the entire virtual circuit 16 to the other components of system 10, and is generally referred to as a "virtual circuit identifier." Therefore, for example, the virtual circuit identifier of a particular virtual circuit 16 may be defined using the VPI and VCI information for that portion of the virtual circuit 16 terminating in access server 18.

Information server 50 comprises a processor 54 coupled Processor 54 may comprise a central to a memory 56. processing unit associated with a computer system, such as a mainframe, a workstation, or any other suitable general purpose data processing facility. Memory 56 comprises any suitable volatile or non-volatile memory device associated with processor 54. Memory 56 generally stores a number of lists, tables, or any other arrangement information that supports the identification of subscribers For example, memory 56 includes in system 10. identification table 58 having path information 60 and subscriber information 62 for subscribers 12 in system 10. Path information 60 comprises virtual circuit information identify the unique virtual circuits 16 assigned to subscribers 12 (e.g., virtual circuit identifiers), access information, interface information, information, and/or any other type of information used to Subscriber information identify subscribers 12.

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comprises address information, configuration information, and/or any other suitable information used to upgrade, monitor, modify, or otherwise operate subscribers 12.

The components and information stored in information server 50 may be arranged integral to or remote from access server 18. Furthermore, information server 50 may comprise any combination of processors 54 and memory 56 to form any number of separate information servers 50 that may each be server 18 usina appropriate accessed by access communication protocols. For example, information server 50 may comprise any number and combination of information servers 50 that may be accessed using a RADIUS protocol, a Trivial File Transfer Protocol ("TFTP"), a Dynamic Host ("DHCP"), or any suitable Configuration Protocol communication protocol.

supports the operation, access server 18 provisioning of services to subscribers 12 in system 10. In particular, access server 18 receives a communication from a particular subscriber 12 using a particular one of the virtual circuits 16 associated with communication network 14. The communication issued by subscriber 12 may comprise the initiation of a point-to-point protocol session, a TFTP broadcast message, or any suitable request In one example, a subscriber 12 requests for services. connectivity to communication network 20. example, a subscriber 12 requests subscriber information Prior to granting the subscriber 12 access to network 20 or communicating subscriber information 62 to the subscriber 12, access server 18 and/or information server identify subscriber 12 based, in part, upon path information 60 associated with the particular subscriber 12 and the particular virtual circuit 16 actually used by the access server 18 to receive the communication from the particular subscriber 12.

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A problem with prior communication systems is that a particular subscriber 12 may assume the identity of another subscriber 12, such as by using a misappropriated user name and password, and thereby pirate the services of the other A particular advantage of the present subscriber 12. invention is that path information 60 for a particular information that is generally not subscriber 12 is discoverable by another subscriber 12 and, therefore, is not easily misappropriated by other subscribers 12. System overcomes the disadvantages of prior therefore, by identifying а systems communication subscriber 12 based, in part, upon path information 60 and the particular virtual circuit 16 used by access server 18 to receive a communication from the particular subscriber Accordingly, system 10 identifies subscribers 12 to support provisioning the proper services to the proper subscribers 12.

FIGURE 2 illustrates access server 18 in more detail. Virtual circuits 16 of communication network 14 couple to one or more interfaces 70. Each interface 70 couples to an associated first port 72 of a switch fabric 74. A number of route processors 76 couple to second ports 78 of switch fabric 74. Route processors 76 also couple to interface 80, which in turn couples to communication network 20. In a particular embodiment, interfaces 70, switch fabric 74, route processors 76, and interface 80 reside in a single housing, rack mount, or other arrangement of integrated or separate components at a single location in communication system 10.

A controller 82 manages the overall operation of access server 18. Controller 82 communicates information with components of access server 18 using bus 84. A memory 86 coupled to controller 82 stores program instructions 88 and an access server identifier 90. Interfaces 70, switch

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fabric 74, route processors 76, and interface 80 access memory 86 directly using bus 84 or indirectly using controller 82. Alternatively, information maintained in memory 86 may reside in different components of access server 18 or in components external to access server 18.

Program instructions 88 include software code, parameters, protocols, and other instructions and data structures that controller 82 accesses and executes to generate and communicate a request 104, such as an identification request, to information server 50. Access server identifier 90 comprises any suitable information, such as a management IP address, uniquely identifying access server 18 to the other components of system 10.

Each interface 70 comprises any suitable combination of hardware and software components that terminate virtual circuits 16 in access server 18. In one embodiment, an interface 70 comprises one or more network line cards 92, each network line card 92 having an interface identifier 94. An interface identifier 94 may comprise a module identifier, a slot identifier, a port identifier, or any other suitable information used to identify an interface 70 uniquely within access server 18.

Switch fabric 74 comprises any suitable combination of hardware and software components that directs, couples, and/or switches information communicated by subscribers 12 to a selected route processor 76 and/or controller 82. Switch fabric 74 maintains virtual circuit identifiers 96 reported to it by one or more components of communication network 14. Virtual circuit identifiers 96 may also reside in memory 86. Virtual circuit identifiers 96 comprise any suitable information that uniquely identifies the virtual circuit 16 upon which a particular communication 102 is received from a particular subscriber 12 by access server 18. In one embodiment, a virtual circuit identifier 96 may

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be defined using the VPI and VCI information for that portion of a particular virtual circuit 16 terminating in the access server 18.

Each route processor 76 comprises any suitable combination of hardware and software components perform termination, conversion, segmentation, reassembly, addressing, and other functions supported by routers, bridges, gateways, multiplexers, and other WAN and LAN networking devices. Each route processor 76 maintains a routing table 98. Routing table 98 maintains information that allows route processor 76 to route information between communication network 14 using interface communication network 20 using interface 80 according to communication sessions established by access server 18 in response to identifying subscribers 12. Routing table 98 is described in greater detail with reference to FIGURE 4.

Interface 80 comprises any suitable combination of hardware and software components that communicate information received from route processors 76 communication network 20 using any suitable communication protocols. Controller 82 couples to information server 50 using link 52 and comprises any suitable combination of hardware and software components that execute program instructions 88 the to initiate identification subscribers 12 in system 10.

operation, access server 18 receives communication 102 from subscriber 12 using a particular virtual circuit 16. The virtual circuit identifier 96 for the virtual circuit 16 upon which communication 102 was received is determined by switch fabric 74. Controller 82 receives and examines communication 102 to determine if it contains request for services. For communication 102 may include a request for subscriber

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information 62 and/or a request for access to communication network 20.

If communication 102 includes a request for services, controller 82 executes program instructions 88 to generate a request 104 for communication to information server 50 to identify the subscriber 12 that sent communication 102. Controller 82 generates request 104 according to any suitable communication protocols used by information server 50, such as TFTP, DHCP or RADIUS protocol. Request 104 includes any appropriately formatted or configured combination of request parameters, such as an appropriate access server identifier 90, interface identifier 94, and virtual circuit identifier 96.

Information server 50 receives request 104 and identifies subscriber 12 based upon path information 60 and the request parameters included in request 104. particular, information server 50 identifies subscriber 12 if an entry exists in identification table 58 that is indexed by path information 60 corresponding to the request parameters included in request 104. For example, if processor 54 locates an entry in identification table 58 indexed by path information 60 corresponding to the access server identifier 90, the interface identifier 94, and the virtual circuit identifier 96 communicated in request 104, then processor 54 identifies subscriber 12.

Upon identifying subscriber 12, information server 50 and/or access server 18 provide the services requested by subscriber 12 in communication 102. For example, information server 50 and/or access server 18 communicates particular subscriber information 62 to subscriber 12 using, for example, communication network 14. In another example, access server 18 initiates a connection between subscriber 12 and communication network 20, such as by establishing a communication session between subscriber 12

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and one or more communication devices associated with communication network 20.

A particular advantage provided by the present invention is that system 10 identifies subscribers 12 based upon "trusted" information to which subscribers 12 cannot readily gain access, such as path information 60, access server identifiers 90, interface identifiers 94, virtual circuit identifiers 96. In this respect, subscriber 12 cannot access services designated for other subscribers 12 by misappropriating the user name and password of the other subscribers 12. Therefore, the identification techniques of the present invention provide integrity to communication system 10.

FIGURE 3 illustrates the contents of identification table 58 stored in memory 56 of information server 50. Each entry of identification table 58 includes path information 60 and subscriber information 62 for each subscriber 12. In particular, path information 60 includes virtual circuit information 110, interface information 112, and access server information 114. In one embodiment, path information 60 further includes user information 116.

Virtual circuit information 110 identifies virtual circuits 16 assigned to subscribers 12. In a particular embodiment, virtual circuit information 110 may include a VPI, a VCI, or any other information that uniquely identifies a virtual circuit 16 assigned to the corresponding subscriber 12. As with virtual circuit identifiers 96, virtual circuit information 110 may be defined using the VPI and VCI information for that portion of an assigned virtual circuit 16 terminating in the access server 18. One particular ATM implementation includes an eight bit VPI and a sixteen bit VCI, as illustrated having two numbers separated by period. Another implementation

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includes decimal values for VPI and VCI separated by a slash.

Interface information 112 identifies interfaces 70 assigned to subscribers 12 to terminate the virtual circuits 16 identified by corresponding virtual circuit information 110. In a particular embodiment, interface information 112 includes information identifying the slot, module, and port of a network line card 92 of interface 70. Access server information 114 identifies access servers 18 assigned to subscribers 12 to terminate the virtual circuits 16 identified by corresponding virtual circuit information 110.

User information 116 identifies user names and passwords assigned to the corresponding subscribers 12 and/or the users of subscribers 12. For example, user information 116 may identify the user name and password for customer premises equipment associated with subscriber 12. In another example, user information 116 may identify the user name and password for a user of a communication device, such as a computer, coupled to the customer premises equipment of subscriber 12. In this respect, system 10 supports the identification of subscribers 12 and the users of subscribers 12.

information Subscriber 62 comprises address information 118 and configuration information 120 that may be communicated to a corresponding subscriber 12 upon identification. Address information 118 includes numerical or textual representation of one or more Internet protocol addresses, a network/node designation, netmask attributes, any other network addresses used or subscriber 12 to communicate with communication network 20. Configuration information 120 includes configuration files, firmware patches, or any other suitable information used to

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upgrade, monitor, modify, or otherwise operate subscribers 12.

It should be understood that information 110-120 is arranged in separate columns of identification table 58 for illustrative purposes only, and that the contents of information 110-120 may be formatted or configured in any manner suitable for storage and/or communication using the communication protocols of information server 50. example, identification table 58 may store the contents of information 110-120 according to any suitable format or configuration associated with TFTP, DHCP or If path information 60 is formatted according to protocol. communication protocol associated information server 50, then it should be understood that the information communicated in request 104 may also be formatted in the particular communication protocol to support a consistent and accurate identification subscribers 12.

Information server 50 identifies а particular subscriber 12 based upon path information 60 and the request parameters communicated by access server 18 in request 104. As described above, request 104 includes a virtual circuit identifier 96 of the particular virtual circuit 16 upon which access server 18 received communication 102. Request 104 further includes identifier 94 indicating the interface terminating the virtual circuit 16 used by the subscriber 12 to send communication 102. Request 104 also includes access server identifier 90 indicating the network address of the access server 18 receiving communication 102 from subscriber 12. Processor 54 identifies the subscriber 12 that sent communication 102 if processor 54 identifies an entry in identification table 58 having virtual circuit information 110, interface information 112, and access

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server information 114 corresponding to the virtual circuit identifier 96, interface identifier 94, and access server identifier 90, respectively, communicated in request 104.

In one embodiment, request 104 further includes a user name and password sent by subscriber 12 in communication 102. In this embodiment, processor 54 identifies an entry in identification table 58 indexed by user information 116 corresponding to the user name and password provided in request 104. Processor 54 identifies subscriber 12 if the virtual circuit information 110, interface information 112, and access server information 114 associated with the identified user information 116 corresponds to the virtual circuit identifier 96, interface identifier 94, and access server identifier 90 communicated in request 104.

Upon identifying the subscriber 12, access server 18 information server 50 provides the services requested by subscriber 12 in communication 102. example, access server 18 and/or information server 50 communicates the appropriate address information 118 and/or configuration information 120 to the corresponding subscriber 12 using, for example, communication network 14 or any other suitable link to subscriber 12. In another example, access server 18 initiates the connection between subscriber 12 and communication network 20, such as by establishing a communication session between subscriber 12 and one or more communication devices associated with communication network 20, and by modifying routing table 98 to support the communication session.

FIGURE 4 illustrates the contents of routing table 98 associated with route processors 76 of access server 18. Each entry in routing table 98 includes session information 130, address information 132, mapping information 134, address information 136, and routing information 138. Session information 130 is a unique or different designator

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assigned to each communication session initiated by access server 18 upon identification of a subscriber 12. Address information 132 represents a network address used by the subscriber to connect to communication network 20 during a corresponding communication session. In one embodiment, address information 132 comprises address information 118 issued to subscriber 12 upon identification.

Mapping information 134 includes a VPI, a VCI, identifiers for ports associated with interface 80, or any other information that enables interface 80 to convey information received from route processors communication network 20. In a particular embodiment, interface 80 includes a switching capability that allows segmentation of communication network 20 for efficient, modular, and fault tolerant communication. Information 134 may also be used by interface 80 to direct information received from communication devices associated with communication network 20 to a particular processor 76.

Address information 136 is a numerical or textual representation of an Internet protocol address, network/node designation, or any other network address used deliver to information to a particular communication device, or any other suitable recipient within communication network 20. Route processor 76 may convert address information 136 for each session into an appropriate format, depending on the implementation of access server 18 and communication network 20.

Routing information 138 includes routing information protocol (RIP) information, open-shortest-path-first (OSPF) information, or any other suitable routing information that provides the most efficient, available, or optimum path to communicate information to a particular communication

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device associated with communication network 20. Routing information 138 identifies particular nodes, paths, or other intermediate devices that establish a desirable route to the appropriate destination communication device within communication network 20.

Upon identification of a subscriber 12 as described with reference to FIGURES 1-3, access server 18 may establish and support a communication session between the identified subscriber 12 and communication network 20. particular, 18 creates access server an entry subscriber 12 in routing table 98 having session information 130, address information 132, mapping information 134, address information 136, and routing information 138, and supports the communication session according to information 130-138. Upon the expiration of a communication session (e.g., time out, user termination, equipment malfunction) access server 18 removes corresponding entry in routing table 98.

FIGURE 5 illustrates a flowchart of an exemplary method according to the present invention. The method begins at step 150 where information server 50 stores path information 60 in identification table 58. Path information 60 includes virtual circuit information 110, interface information 112, and access server information 114. Execution proceeds to step 152 where information server 50 stores subscriber information 62 indexed by path information 60. Subscriber information 62 includes address information 118 and configuration information 120.

Access server 18 receives communication 102 from a particular subscriber 12 at step 154. Controller 82 of determines the appropriate request server 18 parameters for communication 102 at step 156, such as the appropriate access server identifier 90, interface identifier 94, and virtual circuit identifier

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Controller 82 generates and communicates request 104 at step 158. Request 104 generally includes the request parameters determined at step 156.

Processor 54 of information server 50 determines whether the subscriber 12 is identified at step 160. particular, processor 54 determines whether an entry in identification table 58 includes virtual circuit information 110, interface information 112, and access server information 114 corresponding to virtual circuit identifier 96, interface identifier 94, and access server identifier 90 communicated in request 104. execution proceeds to step 162 where information server 50 and/or access server 18 indicates to subscriber 12 that identification has failed. Execution then proceeds to step 154.

If subscriber 12 is identified as determined at step 160, execution proceeds to step 164 where access server 18 and/or information server 50 provide to subscriber 12 the requested services and/or information. In one example, access server and/or information 18 server 50 communicate subscriber information 62 to subscriber 12. In another example, access server 18 initiates a communication session between subscriber 12 and communication network 20. Access server 18 determines whether it has received another communication 102 at step 166. If so, execution returns to step 154. If not, execution terminates at step 168.

Although the present invention has been described in several embodiments, a myriad of changes, variations, alterations, transformations, and modifications may be suggested to one skilled in the art, and it is intended that the present invention encompass such changes, variations, alterations, transformations, and modifications as fall within the spirit and scope of the appended claims.

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WHAT IS CLAIMED IS:

1. A system for identifying a subscriber, comprising:

an access server coupled to a plurality of subscribers using a first communication network and further coupled to a second communication network, the access server operable to receive a communication from a particular subscriber using a particular one of a plurality of virtual circuits associated with the first communication network;

a memory coupled to the access server and operable to store path information that identifies a virtual circuit assigned to the particular subscriber; and

a processor coupled to the memory and operable to identify the particular subscriber for connection to the second communication network based upon the path information and the particular virtual circuit used to receive the communication from the particular subscriber.

2. The system of Claim 1, wherein:

the access server comprises one of a plurality of access servers coupled to the processor;

the path information further identifies an access server assigned to the particular subscriber; and

the processor is further operable to identify the particular subscriber based upon the path information and an identifier of the particular access server coupled to the particular subscriber.

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3. The system of Claim 1, wherein the access server comprises:

an interface coupled to the particular subscriber using the particular virtual circuit; and

a controller coupled to the interface and operable to communicate a request identifying the particular virtual circuit that couples the interface and the particular subscriber.

10 4. The system of Claim 3, wherein:

the interface comprises a plurality of network line cards;

the path information further identifies a network line card assigned to the particular subscriber; and

the processor is further operable to identify the particular subscriber based upon the path information and an identifier of a particular network line card coupled to the particular subscriber.

5. The system of Claim 3, wherein the request comprises:

interface information identifying the interface coupled to the particular subscriber;

virtual circuit information identifying the particular virtual circuit; and

access server information identifying the access server.

- 6. The system of Claim 3, wherein the request comprises a RADIUS protocol request.
 - 7. The system of Claim 3, wherein the request comprises a trivial file transfer protocol request.

8. The system of Claim 1, wherein the particular virtual circuit is associated with the particular subscriber using a virtual path identifier and a virtual channel identifier.

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9. The system of Claim 1, wherein the path information comprises a virtual path identifier and a virtual channel identifier associated with the virtual circuit assigned to the particular subscriber.

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10. The system of Claim 1, wherein the access server supports a communication session between the particular subscriber and the second communication network in response to identifying the particular subscriber.

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11. A method for identifying a subscriber, comprising:

receiving a communication from a particular one of a plurality of subscribers using a particular one of a plurality of virtual circuits associated with a first communication network;

storing path information that identifies a virtual circuit assigned to the particular subscriber; and

identifying the particular subscriber for connection to a second communication network based upon the path information and the particular virtual circuit used to receive the communication from the particular subscriber.

12. The method of Claim 11, wherein:

the particular virtual circuit couples the particular subscriber to a particular one of a plurality of access servers;

the path information further identifies an access server assigned to the particular subscriber; and

the step of identifying further comprises identifying the particular subscriber based upon the path information and an identifier of the particular access server coupled to the particular subscriber.

13. The method of Claim 12, wherein the particular access server comprises:

an interface coupled to the particular subscriber using the particular virtual circuit; and

a controller coupled to the interface.

14. The method of Claim 13, wherein:

the interface comprises a plurality of network line cards;

the path information further identifies a network line card assigned to the particular subscriber; and

the step of identifying further comprises identifying the particular subscriber based upon the path information and an identifier of a particular network line card coupled to the particular subscriber.

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15. The method of Claim 11, wherein the particular virtual circuit is associated with the particular subscriber using a virtual path identifier and a virtual channel identifier.

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16. The method of Claim 11, wherein the path information comprises a virtual path identifier and a virtual channel identifier associated with the virtual circuit assigned to the particular subscriber.

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17. The method of Claim 11, further comprising supporting a communication session between the particular subscriber and the second communication network in response to identifying the particular subscriber.

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18. An information server, comprising:

a memory operable to store path information for a plurality of subscribers coupled to an access server using a plurality of virtual circuits associated with a first communication network, the path information identifying a virtual circuit assigned to a particular subscriber; and

a processor coupled to the memory and operable to identify a particular subscriber for connection to a second communication network based upon the path information and a particular virtual circuit that couples the particular subscriber to the access server.

19. The information server of Claim 18, wherein: the path information further identifies an access server assigned to the particular subscriber; and

the processor is further operable to identify the particular subscriber based upon the path information and an identifier of the access server coupled to the particular subscriber.

20. The information server of Claim 18, wherein:

the path information further identifies a network line card of the access server assigned to the particular subscriber; and

the processor is further operable to identify the particular subscriber based upon the path information and an identifier of the network line card.

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21. The information server of Claim 18, wherein the processor identifies the subscriber in response to receiving a request comprising:

interface information identifying an interface of the access server coupled to the particular subscriber;

virtual circuit information identifying the particular virtual circuit; and

access server information identifying the access server.

22. The information server of Claim 21, wherein the request comprises a RADIUS protocol request.

- 23. The information server of Claim 21, wherein the request comprises a trivial file transfer protocol request.
- 24. The information server of Claim 18, wherein the virtual circuit that couples the particular subscriber with the access server is associated with the particular subscriber using a virtual path identifier and a virtual channel identifier.
- 25. The information server of Claim 18, wherein the path information comprises a virtual path identifier and a virtual channel identifier associated with the virtual circuit assigned to the particular subscriber.

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26. A method for identifying a subscriber, comprising:

receiving a request identifying a particular one of a plurality of virtual circuits associated with a first communication network, wherein the particular virtual circuit is used by an access server to receive a communication from a particular one of a plurality of subscribers;

storing path information that identifies a virtual circuit assigned to the particular subscriber; and

identifying the particular subscriber for connection to a second communication network based upon the path information and the particular virtual circuit used by the access server to receive the communication from the particular subscriber.

27. The method of Claim 26, wherein:

the particular virtual circuit couples the particular subscriber to a particular one of a plurality of access servers;

the path information further identifies an access server assigned to the particular subscriber; and

the step of identifying further comprises identifying the particular subscriber based upon the path information and an identifier of the particular access server coupled to the particular subscriber.

- 28. The method of Claim 27, wherein the particular access server comprises:
- an interface coupled to the particular subscriber using the particular virtual circuit; and
 - a controller coupled to the interface.

29. The method of Claim 28, wherein:

the interface comprises a plurality of network line cards;

the path information further identifies a network line card assigned to the particular subscriber; and

the step of identifying further comprises identifying the particular subscriber based upon the path information and an identifier of a particular network line card coupled to the particular subscriber.

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30. The method of Claim 26, wherein the particular virtual circuit is associated with the particular subscriber using a virtual path identifier and a virtual channel identifier.

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31. The method of Claim 26, wherein the path information comprises a virtual path identifier and a virtual channel identifier associated with the virtual circuit assigned to the particular subscriber.

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32. An access server, comprising:

an interface coupled to a plurality of subscribers using a first communication network and operable to receive a communication from a particular subscriber using a particular one of a plurality of virtual circuits associated with the first communication network;

a controller coupled to the interface and operable to communicate a request to an information server for identifying the particular subscriber, the request identifying the particular virtual circuit used to receive the communication from the particular subscriber; and

a route processor coupled to the controller and operable to support a communication session between the particular subscriber and a second communication network in response to identifying the particular subscriber.

33. The access server of Claim 32, wherein the request comprises:

interface information identifying the interface coupled to the particular subscriber;

virtual circuit information identifying the particular virtual circuit; and

access server information identifying the access server.

- 34. The access server of Claim 32, wherein the request comprises a RADIUS protocol request.
- 35. The access server of Claim 32, wherein the request comprises a trivial file transfer protocol request.

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36. A method for identifying a subscriber, comprising:

receiving a communication from a particular one of a plurality of subscribers using a particular one of a plurality of virtual circuits associated with a first communication network;

communicating a request to an information server for identifying the particular subscriber, the request identifying the particular virtual circuit used to receive the communication from the particular subscriber; and

supporting a communication session between the particular subscriber and a second communication network in response to identifying the particular subscriber.

37. The method of Claim 36, wherein the request comprises:

interface information identifying an interface of an access server coupled to the particular subscriber;

virtual circuit information identifying the particular virtual circuit; and

access server information identifying the access server.

- 38. The access server of Claim 36, wherein the request comprises a RADIUS protocol request.
- 39. The access server of Claim 36, wherein the request comprises a trivial file transfer protocol request.

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40. A computer program for identifying a subscriber, the program encoded on a computer-readable medium and operable to execute the following steps:

receiving a communication from a particular one of a plurality of subscribers using a particular one of a plurality of virtual circuits associated with a first communication network;

storing path information that identifies a virtual circuit assigned to the particular subscriber; and

identifying the particular subscriber for connection to a second communication network based upon the path information and the particular virtual circuit used to receive the communication from the particular subscriber.

41. The computer program of Claim 40, wherein:

the particular virtual circuit couples the particular subscriber to a particular one of a plurality of access servers;

the path information further identifies an access server assigned to the particular subscriber; and

the step of identifying further comprises identifying the particular subscriber based upon the path information and an identifier of the particular access server coupled to the particular subscriber.

42. The computer program of Claim 41, wherein the particular access server comprises:

an interface coupled to the particular subscriber using the particular virtual circuit; and

a controller coupled to the interface.

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43. The computer program of Claim 42, wherein:

the interface comprises a plurality of network line cards;

the path information further identifies a network line card assigned to the particular subscriber; and

the step of identifying further comprises identifying the particular subscriber based upon the path information and an identifier of a particular network line card coupled to the particular subscriber.

- 44. The computer program of Claim 40, wherein the particular virtual circuit is associated with the particular subscriber using a virtual path identifier and a virtual channel identifier.
- 45. The computer program of Claim 40, wherein the path information comprises a virtual path identifier and a virtual channel identifier associated with the virtual circuit assigned to the particular subscriber.
- 46. The computer program of Claim 40, further comprising supporting a communication session between the particular subscriber and the second communication network in response to identifying the particular subscriber.

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SYSTEM AND METHOD FOR IDENTIFYING A SUBSCRIBER FOR CONNECTION TO A COMMUNICATION NETWORK

ABSTRACT OF THE DISCLOSURE

A system for identifying a subscriber includes an access server coupled to a number of subscribers using a first communication network and further coupled to a second communication network, a memory coupled to the access server, and a processor coupled to the memory. receives a communication from a particular server subscriber using a particular one of a number of virtual circuits associated with the first communication network. The memory stores path information that identifies a virtual circuit assigned to the particular subscriber. The subscriber particular identifies the processor connection to the second communication network based upon the path information and the particular virtual circuit used to receive the communication from the particular subscriber.

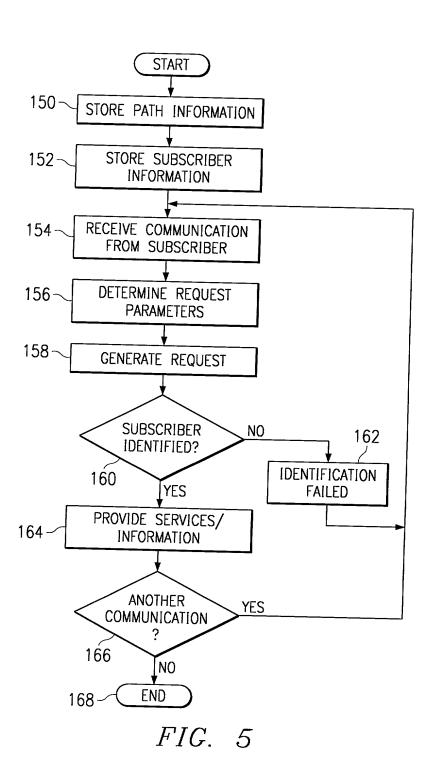
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58	PATH INFORMATION 60		SUBSCRIBER INFORMATION 62		
110	112	114	116	118	120
VIRTUAL CIRCUIT INFORMATION	INTERFACE INFORMATION	ACCESS SERVER INFORMATION	USER INFORMATION	ADDRESS INFORMATION	CONFIGURATION INFORMATION
321.00707	slot=1000 module=0 port=000	172.16.2.1	CBT@@/ CBT@@	172.18.1.0	config1.file
0/343	slot=1000 module=0 port=001	172.16.2.1	CBT2@@/ CBT2@@	172.18.1.1- 172.18.1.7	firmware. update
	:	•	•	# #	•
98.09081	slot=0100 module=1 port=000	127.47.36.1	JERRY * * * *	194.16.2.0	config2.file

FIG. 3

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130	132	134	136	138
SESSION INFORMATION	ADDRESS INFORMATION	MAPPING INFORMATION	ADDRESS INFORMATION	ROUTING INFORMATION
1	172.18.1.0	1→3	www.cisco.com	-
2	194.16.2.0	21	joe@net	{node 1}
	:	:	:	
n	172.17.1.1	4 → 2	124.90.1.0	{node 3}

FIG. 4



DECLARATION AND POWER OF ATTORNEY

As a below named inventor, I declare that:

My residence, post office address and citizenship are as stated below next to my name; that I believe I am the original, first and sole inventor (if only one name is listed below) or an original, first and joint inventor (if plural names are listed below) of the subject matter which is claimed and for which a patent is sought on the invention or design entitled SYSTEM AND METHOD FOR IDENTIFYING A SUBSCRIBER FOR CONNECTION TO A COMMUNICATION NETWORK the specification of which is attached hereto; that I have reviewed and understand the contents of the above-identified specification, including the claims, as amended by any amendment referred to above; and that I acknowledge the duty to disclose to the U.S. Patent and Trademark Office all information known to me to be material to patentability as defined in 37 C.F.R. § 1.56.

I hereby claim foreign priority benefits under 35 U.S.C. § 119 of any foreign application(s) for patent or inventor's certificate listed below and have also identified below any foreign application(s) for patent or inventor's certificate having a filing date before that of the application on which priority is claimed:

		Date	Priority Claimed
Number	Country	<u>Filed</u>	(Yes) (No)
	NONE		

I hereby claim the benefit under 35 U.S.C. § 120 of any United States application(s) listed below and, insofar as the subject matter of each of the claims of this application is not disclosed in the prior United States application(s) in the manner provided by the first paragraph of 35 U.S.C. § 112, I acknowledge the duty to disclose to the U.S. Patent and Trademark Office all

information known to me to be material to patentability as defined in 37 C.F.R. § 1.56 which became available between the filing date of the prior application(s) and the national or PCT international filing date of this application:

Application Serial Number	Date Filed	Status		
NONE				

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all of the firm of Baker & Botts L.L.P., my attorneys with full power of substitution and revocation, to prosecute this application and to transact all business in the United States Patent and Trademark Office connected therewith, and to file and

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I declare that all statements made herein of my own knowledge are true and that all statements made on information and belief are believed to be true; and further that these statements were made with the knowledge that willful false statements and the like so made are punishable by fine or imprisonment, or both, under Section 1001 of Title 18 of the United States Code, and that such willful false statements may jeopardize the validity of the application or any patent issuing thereon.

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